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The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, September 16, 1729.

From the Daily Post-Boy, Sept. 9.

Hague, Sept. 13.

THE Differences between the Kings of G. Britain and Prussia are in a fair way of Accommodation; his Imperial Majesty having, as Head of the Empire, contrary to Expectation, declar'd to the Court of Berlin, that it was his Resolution not to concern himself directly or indirectly, otherwise than by his good Offices. Mean while the *Manifesto* of the Regency of Hanover, in Answer to that of his Prussian Majesty, is in the Press, and will forthwith be published, to justify their Proceedings in seizing the Prussian Soldiers in their Passage thro' that Electorate, and to convince the World, that as Matters stood they could not avoid it.

'Tis computed, that this Misunderstanding will cost the two Kings in about a Million of Crowns, beside the Moneys advanced to the Officers, to enable them to furnish their Field-equipages.

P. S. Just now we hear, that the King of Prussia has actually nominated the Persons who are to assist on his part at the Conferences of Brunswick; and that his Britannick Majesty will furthwith do the like: So that we do not in the least doubt but this petty Congress will terminate all Differences amicably.

From the Evening Post, Sept. 9.

London, Sept. 9. There is Advice from St. Christopher's, that the Earl of Londonderry, Governor of the Leeward Islands, lies very ill there.

Last Friday a Coach going to Hackney, wherein were 4 Gentlemen, was attacked by a Highwayman, who demanded their Money; which they not caring to part with, look'd out, and called to a Gentleman at a Distance; which the Highwayman seeing, rode off; but on the Gentleman's coming up and enquiring what was the Matter, he pursued and overtook him; and the Highwayman being at a Stand, fired at the Person who pursued him; but missing, he was presently taken by the Assistance of some Persons who came on hearing the Report of the Pistol; and being carried before a Magistrate, appears to be a Weaver in Smithfield.

The same Evening two Gentlemen were robbed on their Return from Hampstead to London, by 4 Foot Pads, at the End of Belsize Lane, who took from them about 15 l. in Gold, Silver, their Swords and Watches. One of the Rogues held a Pistol in each Hand while the others rifled their Pockets.

Deal, Sept. 4. About Sun-setting last Sunday we heard a great Number of Guns so very plain, that they jarr'd the Windows in this Town. We told above 130; and 'tis believed the firing was at Calais on account of the Dauphin's Birth. The Wind was then at E. S. E.

This Morning about 10, it being calm, we saw a great Pillar of Smoke rise up. Some supposed it to be a Ship on Fire; but as it continued in one Place, which we could see almost two Hours, we are apt to judge it is a Fire at Calais.

The *Jolley* Sloop, Robert Theobald, bound from Barbadoes to New York, was lately taken to the Leeward of Dominica by a Spanish Privateer, who carried her in to the Island of Margarita, and there confiscated both Ship and Cargo.

A Copper Mine has been lately discovered at Wooller, near Chillingham Castle in Northumberland, the Seat of the Earl of Tankerville. His Lordship has brought some of the Ore to Town.

Wye's Letter verbatim, London, Sept. 11.

Since our last arrived a Mail from Flanders, and one from France.

WE are informed from Edinburgh, that on the 3d Inst. Coll. Horsley, Governor of the York-buildings Company, whose Stock is 14 3 4ths, arrived there from England, and next Day set out for the Highlands; whither he had sent 100 Horses, for transporting of Trees he is felling in the Woods there, which in Height and Goodness are said to equalize those from Norway, or perhaps any Forest in Europe.

Yesterday one of the Trees upon the Parade in

St.

St. James's Park, was blown down by the Wind, without doing any Hurt to a Soldier who ſtood under it, who however narrowly eſcaped being killed. The ſame Day a very ſurprizing Accident happened in the Church of St. Mary's in the Fields, during the Time of Divine Service; where a Perſon, ſuppoſed to be a French Gentleman, and diſordered in his Senſes, diſcharged 2 loaded Piſtols at the Rev. Mr. Taylor, when he was reading the Collect for the Royal Family. One of the Balls only graz'd on Mr. Taylor's Caſſock, but wounded one Mr. Williams, who ſat in a Pew near him, very dangerouſly. When he was ſecur'd, (which was not without great Difficulty) and ſent to the Roundhouſe, he ſaid amongſt other wild Expreſſioes, That the Kings of G. Britain and France, and the Clergy, had promiſed him Bread, and given him none.

His Majeſty is hourly expected from Hanover. 'Tis expected by ſome, that in a few Weeks after his Arrival, a Proclamation will be iſſued for the meeting of the Parliament the latter End of November next: But others think it will hardly be ſo ſoon. Mean time we have good and ſubſtantial Grounds to hope for a ſpeedy Peace, particularly that of his Excellency William Stanhope going to Port St. Mary's with the Character of Ambaſſador Extraordinary to his Catholick Majeſty.

The French Mail brings a Confirmation that the Effects of the Galleons continued to be delivered out to the reſpective Proprietors, but that the Indulto thereon is not reduced from 16 to 15 per Cent. as was ſaid. 'Tis expected that in a Poſt or two more they will give an Account of the Arrival of his Excellency William Stanhope at the Court of Spain, and of the ſigning of the Articles of the Treaty.

We hear Mr. Bambridge, who was laſt Tueſday admitted to Bail, is charg'd a-freſh for the Murder of Mr. Holden, as mentioned in the Report of the Honourable Committee. On Sunday laſt died the Rev. Mr. James Baylis, Vicar of Monckton in the Iſle of Thanet; which Living is in the Gift of the Abp. of Canterbury.

The Letters which our Merchants had this Day by the above Mail from Cadix, of the 30th paſt, confirm that the Galleons will be ready to ſail for Porto Pello and Carthagena in December next, which gave great Encouragement to ſuch as are concerned in the Woollen Manufactures; it being generally believed there, that the Court of Spain would defer till next Year the granting a Schedula to the Engliſh S. S. Company: But we have Reaſon to believe otherwiſe here, it having been aſſerted by a greater Authority, that the K. of Spain had actually ordered a Schedula to be granted forthwith to the aforenamed Company; who, we are well informed, received a Letter this Afternoon from Don Joſeph Patino, directed to the Governor of Buenos Ayres, acquainting him, that it was his Catholick Majeſty's Pleaſure, that they ſhould receive and admit the S. S. Company's Ships and Factors, which are ſoon to return thither, and to reſtore ſuch Goods and Effects as are under Seizure, and to permit them to trade as heretofore.

Great were the Rejoycings this Night on account of his Majeſty's ſafe Arrival at Kenſington.

From the Evening Poſt, Sept. 11.

Rome, Aug. 27. The Pope is preparing to ſet out, for about 15 Days, for Albano. His Holineſs has augmented with 4000 Scudi the annual Penſion which the Chevalier de St. George receives for his Subſiſtence from the Apoſtolick Chamber; ſo that he has now from thence a yearly Revenue of 18000 Scudi.

Lisbon, Sept. 7. The *Leoſtoff* Man of War, Capt. Norris, (which has lain here about 4 Months) ſtill remains in our River; as does the Portugueſe Brazil Ship, in the ſame Condition ſhe was reduc'd to by the ſaid Man of War's Crew, when (in May laſt) ſhe run foul of her in falling down the River to ſail with the Fleet for Brazil, but was by that unlucky Accident prevented.

Paris, Sept. 17. The laſt Letters from Cadix confirm, that they continued to deliver the Effects of the Galleons; but that Don Joſeph Patinho, Miniſter of Spain, exacted much higher Duties, than are mentioned in the King's Decree.

The Dutcheſs of Tallard, Grand-daughter of the Dutcheſs of Ventadour, has begun to execute the Office of Governeſs of the Children of France, to eaſe her Grandmother, and has a Salary of 12000 Livres.

On the 10th the Parliament went to compliment the King on the Birth of the Dauphin; and the French Academy did the like the Day after.

The King ſups often on the Terrace of the Queen's Apartment, with ſuch of his Lords as his Majeſty appoints.

The Marſhal de Villeroy being rendred uncapable of going to Court, by reaſon of his great Age and

and Infirmities, has complimented the King by Letter upon the Birth of the Dauphine: And his Majesty, to shew his particular Regard for the Marshal, has created a third Duke in his Family, by a Writ in favour of his Grandson the Marquis d'Aiincour.

The King has given 5000 Livres in Money, and a Pension of 6000 Livres yearly for Life, to the Sieur Peyrac, who laid the Queen.

Last Week the Chapter of Notre Dame accepted the Constitution, excepting only some of the Canons.

London, Sept. 11. On Tuesday Night about 7 o' Clock, the Highgate Coach was stopp'd twice betwixt Kentish Town and Battle-bridge by Footpads; the first of which rifled the Passengers of every thing that was valuable; and the last finding no Booty, attack'd the Coachman; who making Resistance, two of the Passengers stept out of the Coach to his Assistance; upon which the Rogues made off.

On Tuesday there was a General Council at Kensington, in which her Majesty was pleased to order that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Tuesday the 16th Instant, should be further prorogued to the 16th of next Month.

From the St. James Evening-Post, Sept. 11.

Paris, Sept. 16. The King was Yesterday for two Hours in her Majesty's Bedchamber, and after supping with her Majesty, had a long Conference with Cardinal Fleury. The young Dauphin was Yesterday visited by a considerable Number of the Nobility, who express'd great Satisfaction at the Sight of a Male Heir to the Crown of France. Her Majesty, with her Infant, are in as good Health as can be expected.

We hourly expect to hear of the Day being fix'd by the Plenipotentiaries, to assemble at Soissons for ratifying the Treaty with Spain.

Palermo in Sicily, Aug. 26. The Viceroy is gone to visit the principal Towns of the Kingdom, accompanied with several Engineers, &c. He has given Orders to increase the Number of Workmen employed on the Fortifications of Melazzo and Syracusa. All the necessary Preparations are making to keep on foot a considerable Army, whereby all the Measures that have been taken to the Prejudice of this Kingdom, will be rendred abortive.

Bristol, Sept. 6. Monday and Tuesday last, the Weavers rose in a great Body without Lawford's-gate, broke open and rifled several Places where Looms were, and carried them away, with Chains and other Effects, and burnt them in the Streets: They got to such a Height, that several Companies of the Regiment quartered here were sent to repel them; they had no Orders to fire, but only to prevent them entring the Warehouses and pulling down Houses, which they attempted. The Reason given for it was, that the Masters had combin'd to lower 6 d. in a Piece in their Wages; but now all is quiet.

From the Daily Post Boy, Sept 11.

Port St. Mary's, Aug. 23. On the 21st a Turkish Galley with 36 Moors, was brought in here by one of our Galleys.

Venice, Sept. 3. Private Letters from Constantinople advise, that the Turks lose no Time in filling their Magazines upon the Frontiers of Servia with Provision and Ammunition.

Hague, Sept. 16. The Imperial Court could not approve the Conduct of that of Berlin, in offering to break with the Electorate of Hanover, upon an Affair, in their Reckoning, of so little Importance: And therefore the Gen. Count Seckendorf, the Emperor's Envoy at Berlin, received his Imperial Majesty's Orders to make serious Remonstrances to the King of Prussia, and to declare to him, that the Emperor could not *so far* engage in his Quarrel as to promise him any Assistance; which 'tis thought did not a little contribute to his Prussian Majesty's Change of Mind.

Poland has beed reckoned a Country of Discord; but never was it known at a greater Height than at present, when a mere Trifle, viz. Whether the Diet of Groduo ought to be considered as an *Ordinary* or an *Extraordinary* one? has stopt all Proceedings, and endangered its breaking up in vain, if it is not already done. Thus the *poor Protestants* are like to remain under their present Oppressions on the part of the *Jesuites*, who have thereby gained their Point; and the Grievances of the Thornites continue unredress'd, maugre all his Prussian Majesty's Endeavours.

They write from Paris, that their Fishwomen were the first that harangued the King upon the Birth of the Dauphin, and to whom that Prince was first shewn; and the good Dames were ravish'd with the kind Reception his Majesty gave them.

There goes a Report there, but it is not believed, that the General Count Bonneval is arrived at that Place.

The Conferences at Brunſwick are not yet opened, for want of the Nomination of Miniſters on the part of the King of Pruſſia, and the Duke of Saxe-Gotha as Mediator, which is not yet done, but is daily expected. Nevertheleſs his Britannick Majeſty perſiſts in his Reſolution to return to England, where his Preſence is neceſſary in this *critical Juncture* of Affairs. This Miſunderſtanding, as before we have obſerved, has dipt pretty deep into the K. of Pruſſia's Treaſury, having coſt him ſeveral hundred thouſand German-Crowns.

For what regards the Affair of Mecklemburg, it remains *in ſtatu quo*; tho' it is generally believed the Emperor will, after all, revoke the Adminiſtration he has conferr'd on Duke Chriſtian Lewis, without which, it will be a very difficult Matter to reſtore the Peace of the Circle of Lower Saxony. Neither will the King of Great Britain, as Elector of Hanover, and the Duke of Wolfembuttle, very readily withdraw their Forces till they are paid their Arrears, which amount to above a Million of Florins.

The Baron von Knlphauſen, Miniſter of the K. of Pruſſia, will proceed on his Embaſſy to France, notwithſtanding the Accommodation between that Prince and the King of Great Britain. One Part of his Commiſſion, we preſume, regards the Admiſſion of the Pruſſian Miniſters to the Congreſs of Soiſſons; which is likely to meet with Difficulty on the part of the Allies of Hanover, were it only for his deſerting their Alliance.

The Count de Bonneval, who was ſome Time in the Service of France, and afterwards in that of the Emperor, which he quitted in Diſguſt, is now entred into the Service of the Grand Signor, tho' his Friends will not own it. But that he is turned Turk, and has actually received Circumciſion as ſuch, is what we cannot with his Enemies aſſert; tho' by his different Turns of Life, one would think him pretty whimſical. But let his Religion be what it will, the Count de Bonneval will certainly tread in the Steps of the once famous the Count de Tekeli, by endeavouring to foment a War between his new Maſter and th'Emperor of the Romans, to be revenged of his Imperial Majeſty for the pretended Injury he did him in keeping him ſeveral Years in Priſon, where he had lain till now, had it not been for Prince Eugene.

Edinburgh, Sept. 16.

This Morning, upon the joyful News of his Majeſty's Arrival at Kenſington, the Hon. Magiſtrates of this City ordered the Muſick Bells to play, and other Expreſſions of Joy are to be continued thro' the Day.

Leith, Sept. 15. Since my laſt came into Harbour the *Iſobel* of Borroſtounneſs, Duncan Glaſsford from Gottemburg; as did the *Margaret* of Berwick, Robert Taylor, from Norway.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

†† That the undermentioned COALHEWERS having mutiny'd, and deſerted from His Grace the Duke of Hamilton's Coal-works of Kinglaſs; and being 525 l. Scots indebted to their Maſter: All Maſters are hereby diſcharg'd to employ them, under the heavy Penalties contained in the Act of Parliament.

Walter Snadan.
Henry Snadan.
Robert Nisbet.
George Hoggan.
Andrew Brown.
James Hamilton.
John Tasken.
Richard Lumſdale.
Alexander Cowie.
Alexander Lumſdale.
John Lumſdale.
John Allan.
John Gib.
Richard Hamilton.
Charles Robertſon.
Andrew Brown.
Edward Gib.
George Gib.
James Allan.

¶¶† That the Creditors of Alexander Watſon of ALTHERNIE, are deſired to meet at Kennoway upon the *Firſt Day of October next*; where 'tis expected the Creditors or their Doers will be preſent, there being Propoſals to be made for the more ſpeedy Payment of their Debts.

¶ That there are ſeveral ROOMS of LAND, with convenient *Steedings* built thereon, of greater and ſmaller Extent, either to be *feued*, or *ſette in long Tacks*, in the Barony of Kerſe, lying about a Mile from, and within the Pariſh of Falkirk, and Sheriffdom of Stirling. The Progreſs, and Conditions of the Feus, are to be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Stevenſon of Montgreenan, Writer to the Signet, at Edinburgh; or John Hay of Candie, at his Houſe near Borroſtounneſs; or at the Houſe of Kerſe.

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